## Smart Snacks in School

## USDA's "All Foods Sold in Schools" Standards

USDA recently published practical, science-based nutrition standards for snack foods and beverages sold to children at school during the school day. The standards, required by the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010, will allow schools to offer healthier snack foods to children, while limiting junk food.

The health of today's school environment continues to improve. Students across the country are now offered healthier school lunches with more fruits, vegetables and whole grains. The Smart Snacks in School standards will build on those healthy advancements and ensure that kids are only offered tasty and nutritious foods during the school day.

Smart Snacks in School also support efforts by school food service staff, school administrators, teachers, parents and the school community, all working hard to instill healthy habits in students.

## Nutrition Standards for Foods

- Any food sold in schools must:
- Be a "whole grain-rich" grain product; or
- Have as the first ingredient a fruit, a vegetable, a dairy product, or a protein food; or
- Be a combination food that contains at least $1 / 4$ cup of fruit and/or vegetable; or
- Contain $10 \%$ of the Daily Value (DV) of one of the nutrients of public health concern in the 2010 Dietary Guidelines for Americans (calcium, potassium, vitamin D, or dietary fiber).*
- Foods must also meet several nutrient requirements:
- Calorie limits:
- Snack items: $\leq 200$ calories
- Entrée items: $\leq 350$ calories
- Sodium limits:
- Snack items: $\leq 230 \mathrm{mg} * *$
- Entrée items: $\leq 480 \mathrm{mg}$
- Fat limits:
- Total fat: $\leq 35 \%$ of calories
- Saturated fat: < 10\% of calories
- Trans fat: zero grams
- Sugar limit:

- $\leq 35 \%$ of weight from total sugars in foods
*On July 1, 2016, foods may not qualify using the 10\% DV criteria.
**On July 1, 2016, snack items must contain $\leq 200$ mg sodium per item


## Nutrition Standards for Beverages

- All schools may sell:
- Plain water (with or without carbonation)
- Unflavored low fat milk
- Unflavored or flavored fat free milk and milk alternatives permitted by NSLP/SBP
- $100 \%$ fruit or vegetable juice and
- $100 \%$ fruit or vegetable juice diluted with water (with or without carbonation), and no added sweeteners.
- Elementary schools may sell up to 8-ounce portions, while middle schools and high schools may sell up to 12-ounce portions of milk and juice. There is no portion size limit for plain water.
- Beyond this, the standards allow additional "no calorie" and "lower calorie" beverage options for high school students.
- No more than 20-ounce portions of
- Calorie-free, flavored water (with or without carbonation); and
- Other flavored and/or carbonated beverages that are labeled to contain < 5 calories per 8 fluid ounces or $\leq$ 10 calories per 20 fluid ounces.
- No more than 12 -ounce portions of
- Beverages with $\leq 40$ calories per 8 fluid ounces, or $\leq 60$ calories per 12 fluid ounces.


## Other Requirements

- Fundraisers
- The sale of food items that meet nutrition requirements at fundraisers are not limited in any way under the standards.
- The standards do not apply during non-school hours, on weekends and at off-campus fundraising events.
- The standards provide a special exemption for infrequent fundraisers that do not meet the nutrition standards. State agencies may determine the frequency with which fundraising activities take place that allow the sale of food and beverage items that do not meet the nutrition standards.


## - Accompaniments

- Accompaniments such as cream cheese, salad dressing and butter must be included in the nutrient profile as part of the food item sold.
- This helps control the amount of calories, fat, sugar and sodium added to foods by accompaniments, which can be significant.


## Public Comment

USDA is seeking comments on these standards. The formal 120-day comment period is open through October 28, 2013. We also want to continue to receive feedback during implementation of the standards, so that we are able to make any needed tweaks to the standards based on real-world experience. Feedback from students, parents, school food staff, school administrators, State agencies and other interested parties is critical to ensuring successful standards.

To find the standards online, simply go to http://www.regulations.gov and search by the docket number, which is FNS-2011-0019, or you may type in the name of the rule "Nutrition Standards for All Foods Sold in School".

Comment by Mail:
William Wagoner Section Chief, Policy and Program Development Branch Child Nutrition Division Food and Nutrition Service P.O. Box 66874

St. Louis, MO 63166


## Other Requirements

## Fundraisers

- Food items that meet nutrition requirements are not limited.
- The standards do not apply during non-school hours, on weekends and at off-campus fundraising events.
- The standards provide a special exemption for infrequent fundraisers that do not meet the nutrition standards. Each State agency is responsible for establishing the number of exempt fundraisers that may be held in schools each year.


The Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 requires USDA to establish nutrition standards for all foods sold in school — beyond the federally-supported meals programs. This new rule carefully balances science-based nutrition guidelines with practical and flexible solutions to promote healthier eating on campus.

The rule draws on recommendations from the Institute of Medicine, existing voluntary standards already implemented by thousands of schools around the country, and healthy food and beverage options already available in the marketplace.

## For further information about school meals go to: http://www.fns.usda.gov/



## SMART SNACKS IN SCHOOL

## "All Foods Sold in Schools"

 StandardsU. S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service

FNS-466
USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.
 he heath of today's school environment continues to improve. Students across the country are now offered healthier school meals with more fruits, vegetables and whole grains through the National School Lunch Program and the School Breakfast Program.
 he Smart Snacks in School standards published by USDA will build on those healthy advancements by ensuring that all other snack foods and beverages available for sale to students in school are tasty and nutritious.

## Nutrition Standards for Foods

Any food sold in schools must:

- Be a "whole grain-rich" grain product; or
- Have as the first ingredient a fruit, a vegetable, a dairy product, or a protein food; or
- Be a combination food that contains at least $1 / 4$ cup of fruit and/or vegetable; or
- Contain $10 \%$ of the Daily Value (DV) of one of the nutrients of public health concern in the 2010 Dietary Guidelines for Americans (calcium, potassium, vitamin D, or dietary fiber).*
* On July 1, 2016, foods may not qualify using the 10\% DV criteria


## Foods must also meet several

 nutrient requirements:
## Calorie limits

Snack items: $\leq 200$ calories Entrée items: $\leq 350$ calories

## Sodium limits

Snack items: $\leq 230$ mg**
Entrée items: $\leq 480 \mathrm{mg}$

## Fat limits

Total fat: $\leq 35 \%$ of calories
Saturated fat: < 10\% of calories
Trans fat: zero grams
Sugar limit
$\leq 35 \%$ of weight from total sugars in foods
** On July 1, 2016, snack items must contain $\leq 200 \mathrm{mg}$ sodium per item.

## Accompaniments

- Accompaniments such as cream cheese, salad dressing and butter must be included in the nutrient profile as part of the food item sold.

This helps control the amount of calories, fat, sugar and sodium added to foods.


## Nutrition Standards for Beverages

All schools may sell:

- Plain water (with or without carbonation)
- Unflavored low fat milk
- Unflavored or flavored fat free milk and milk alternatives permitted by NSLP/SBP
- $100 \%$ fruit or vegetable juice and
- $100 \%$ fruit or vegetable juice diluted with water (with or without carbonation), and no added sweeteners.

Elementary schools may sell up to 8 -ounce portions, while middle schools and high schools may sell up to 12-ounce portions of milk and juice. There is no portion size limit for plain water.

Beyond this, the standards allow additional "no calorie" and "lower calorie" beverage options for high school students.

- No more than 20-ounce portions of calorie-free, flavored water (with or without carbonation); and other flavored and/or carbonated beverages that are labeled to contain < 5 calories per 8 fluid ounces or $\leq 10$ calories per 20 fluid ounces.
- No more than 12-ounce portions of beverages with $\leq 40$ calories per 8 fluid ounces, or $\leq 60$ calories per 12 fluid ounces.

